

Ogshow: Overlapping Grid Show File Class

Saving Solutions to be Displayed with plotStuff

ShowFileReader: A Class for Reading Solutions from a Show File

User Guide, Version 1.00 Bill Henshaw

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Abstract: We describe the class Ogshow for creating show files with Overture. This class can be used in solvers in order to save solution and comments into a data base file (“show file”) that can be later read by plotStuff. “plotStuff” can be used graphically display the results found in the show file.

We also describe the class ShowFileReader which can be used to read grids and solutions from a show file. The ShowFileReader can be used by PDE solvers to read in initial conditions from solutions that have previously been saved in a show file.

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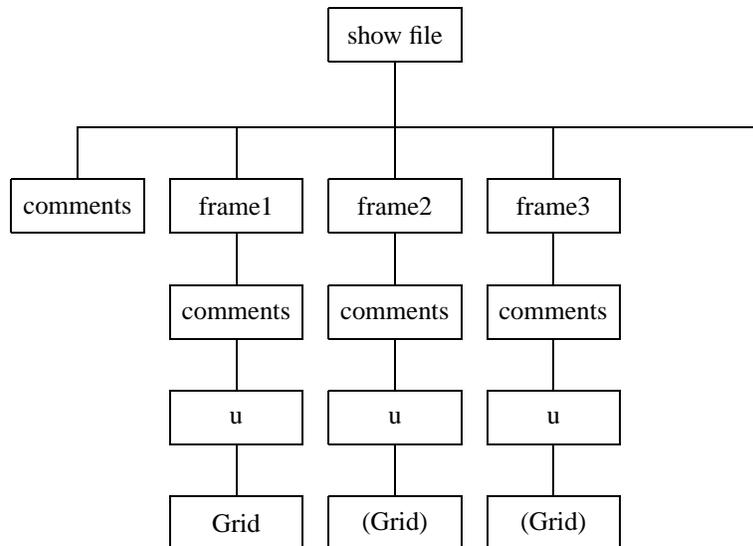


Figure 1: A show file with multiple frames, frames hold solutions at different times. For moving grids, a grid is found in each frame, otherwise the grid is only in frame 1

1 Introduction

This class can be used in solvers in order to save solution and comments into a data base file (“show file”) that can be later read by plotStuff. “plotStuff” can be used graphically display the results found in the show file. The executable plotStuff is found in Overture/bin/plotStuff.

A showfile consists of a sequence of “frames”. A frame will hold “items” that are related. In a typical case, there will be one frame for each time when the solution is saved. Each frame will hold one or more grid functions. Grid functions appearing in different frames but having the same name will be recognized by plotStuff. This sequence of grid functions can be used to make a “movie”.

Comments can also be saved in the showfile. There are two types of comments. General comments are associated with the whole showfile and are printed out when plotStuff first reads the showfile. There are also comments that are associated with each solution in the showfile. These comments are displayed when plotStuff plots the solution.

Other things can be saved in the showfile, such as a time sequence of some values. Currently plotStuff only knows how to plot realCompositeGridFunction’s although one can write a subroutine to tell plotStuff how to plot other things.

2 Class Ogshow

2.1 Interface

2.1.1 constructors

Ogshow()

Description: default constructor

Author: WDH

**Ogshow(const aString & nameOfShowFile,
const aString & nameOfDirectory = ””,
int useStreamMode =false)**

Description: construct a show file

nameOfShowFile (input) : name of the new show file to create

nameOfDirectory (input) : directory in the Overlapping grid data base file to use

useStreamMode (input): if true, save file in streaming mode (compressed)

Author: WDH

2.1.2 close

int
close()

Description: Close a show file.

2.1.3 cleanup

int
cleanup()

Access: protected

Description: Close and cleanup the show file.

2.1.4 open

int
open(const aString & nameOfShowFile,
 const aString & nameOfDirectory = "",
 int useStreamMode =false)

Description: Open a show file (close any currently open file).

nameOfShowFile (input) : name of the new show file to create

nameOfDirectory (input) : directory in the Overlapping grid data base file to use

useStreamMode (input): if true, save file in streaming mode (compressed)

2.1.5 getFrame

HDF_DataBase*
getFrame()

Description: Return a pointer to the data base directory holding the current frame. You could use this pointer to save additional data in the frame. In the following example some extra data in the form of a realArray is saved in the frame.

```
Ogshow show(...);
...
show.startFrame();
realArray myData(10);
myData(0)=1.; myData(1)=2.; ...
show.getFrame()->put(myData, "my data");
...
```

This data can be retrieved using the ShowFileReader.

Return value: Return a pointer to the data base directory holding the current frame, possibly NULL.

Author: WDH

2.1.6 setFlushFrequency

```
void  
setFlushFrequency( const int flushFrequency = 5)
```

Description: Flush the file every time "flushFrequency" frames have been added. In the current implementation "flushing the file" consists of closing the file and opening a new file to save new frames in.

flushFrequency (input): If positive then the file is "flushed" when every time this many new frames have been added.

Author: WDH

2.1.7 getFlushFrequency

```
int  
getFlushFrequency() const
```

Description: Return the flush frequency.

2.1.8 setMovingGridProblem

```
void  
setMovingGridProblem( const bool trueOrFalse )
```

Description: Indicate if this is a moving grid problem so that the grid is saved in every frame

trueOrFalse (input): TRUE is this is a moving grid problem

Author: WDH

2.1.9 getNumberOfFrames

```
int  
getNumberOfFrames() const
```

Description: return the number of frames that exist in the show file.

Author: WDH

2.1.10 startFrame

```
int  
startFrame( const int frameNo = newFrame)
```

Description: start a new frame or write to an existing one

frameNo (input): by default start a new frame, otherwise open a frame with the given value.

Author: WDH

2.1.11 endFrame

```
int  
endFrame()
```

Description: End the currently open frame (if any). The main purpose of calling this routine is to close a sub-file if this was the last frame in the sub-file. This will allow the sub-file to be read programs such as plotStuff. **WARNING:** once a sub-file is closed you can no longer write to a frame in that sub-file. This needs to be fixed.

Author: WDH

2.1.12 saveGeneralComment

int
saveGeneralComment(const aString & comment0)

Description: Save a general comment (this comment is associated with the entire show file). Multiple comments can be saved by repeatedly calling this function.

comment0 (input): comment to save.

Author: WDH

2.1.13 saveComment

int
saveComment(const int commentNumber, const aString & comment0)

Description: Save a comment to go in the current frame.

commentNumber (input): An integer, 0,1,2,.. that numbers the comment

comment0 (input): comment to save.

Author: WDH

2.1.14 saveSolution

int
saveSolution(realMappedGridFunction & u,
const aString & name = "u",
int frameForGrid = useDefaultLocation)

Description: Save a mappedGridFunction in the current frame. (for now save a CompositeGridFunction)

u (input) : grid function to save

name (input): save in the frame under this name. (Currently if you change this name from the default then plotStuff will not find the solution).

frameForGrid : indicates where in the show file the grid for this solution can be found. This grid will saved in this frame if it does not already exist. useDefaultLocation : use default location (frame 1), useCurrentFrame : current frame, > 0 : specify a frame number.

Author: WDH

2.1.15 saveSolution

int
saveSolution(realGridCollectionFunction & u.,
const aString & name = "u",
int frameForGrid = useDefaultLocation)

Description: Save a realGridCollectionFunction or realCompositeGridFunction in the current frame.

u (input) : grid function to save

name (input): save in the frame under this name. (Currently if you change this name from the default then plotStuff will not find the solution).

frameForGrid : indicates where in the show file the grid for this solution can be found. This grid will saved in this frame if it does not already exist. useDefaultLocation : use default location (frame 1), useCurrentFrame : current frame, > 0 : specify a frame number.

Author: WDH

2.2 Typical Usage

Consider an example where a solver is computing some velocity field (u, v) . The user would like to save u, v and the “Mach number” $u^2 + v^2$ in the show file. Here is how this might be done: (file “togshow.C”)

```

1 //=====
2 // Test the Overlapping Grid Show file class Ogshow
3 //=====
4 #include "Overture.h"
5 #include "Ogshow.h"
6 #include "HDF_DataBase.h"
7
8 int
9 main(int argc, char *argv[])
10 {
11     Overture::start(argc,argv);
12
13     aString nameOfOGFile, nameOfShowFile;
14
15     if( argc>1 )
16         nameOfOGFile=argv[1];
17     if( argc>2 )
18         nameOfShowFile=argv[2];
19
20     if( nameOfOGFile==" " )
21     {
22         cout << "togshow>> Enter the name of the (old) overlapping grid file:" << endl;
23         cin >> nameOfOGFile;
24     }
25     if( nameOfShowFile==" " )
26     {
27         cout << "togshow>> Enter the name of the (new) show file (blank for none):" << endl;
28         cin >> nameOfShowFile;
29     }
30
31     CompositeGrid cg;
32     getFromADatabase(cg,nameOfOGFile);          // read from a data base file
33     cg.update();
34
35     // HDF_DataBase::debug=1;
36
37     int useStreamMode=true;
38     Ogshow show(nameOfShowFile, ".",useStreamMode); // create a show file
39
40     show.saveGeneralComment("Solution to the Navier-Stokes"); // save a general comment in the show file
41     show.saveGeneralComment(" file written on April 1");      // save another general comment
42
43     Range all;
44     realCompositeGridFunction q(cg,all,all,all,3); // create a grid function with 3 components
45     realCompositeGridFunction u,v,machNumber; // create grid functions for components
46     u.link(q,Range(0,0));                       // link u to the first component of q
47     v.link(q,Range(1,1));                       // link v to the second component of q
48     // save the names of components, first name is the name of the vector
49     machNumber.link(q,Range(2,2));              // ...
50     q.setName("q");                             // assign name to grid function and components
51     q.setName("u",0);                           // name of first component
52     q.setName("v",1);                           // name of second component
53     q.setName("Mach Number",2);                 // name of third component
54
55     char buffer[80];                             // buffer for sprintf
56     int numberOfTimeSteps=5;
57     int flushFrequency=2;
58     // cout << "Enter number of steps and the flush frequency" << endl;
59     // cin >> numberOfTimeSteps >> flushFrequency;
60
61     show.setFlushFrequency(flushFrequency);
62
63     for( int i=1; i<=numberOfTimeSteps; i++ ) // Now save the grid functions at different time steps
64     {
65         show.startFrame();                      // start a new frame
66         real t=i*.1;
67         show.saveComment(0,sprintf(buffer,"Here is solution %i",i)); // comment 0 (shown on plot)

```

```

68     show.saveComment(1,sPrintf(buffer," t=%e ",t));           // comment 1 (shown on plot)
69     for( int grid=0; grid<cg.numberOfComponentGrids(); grid++ )
70     {
71         const realArray & x = cg[grid].vertex()(all,all,all,0);
72         const realArray & y = cg[grid].vertex()(all,all,all,1);
73
74         real fx=2.*Pi*i/numberOfTimeSteps;
75
76         u[grid]=sin(fx*x)*cos(fx*y);           // get u and v from some computation
77         v[grid]=cos(fx*x)*y;
78     }
79     machNumber=u*u+v*v;
80     show.saveSolution( q );                   // save the current grid function
81     show.getFrame()->put(t,"t");            // save some extra info using data base functions
82
83     cout << "save solution " << i << endl;
84
85     if( true ) show.endFrame();
86
87 }
88
89 Overture::finish();
90
91 return 0;
92 }

```

In this example we also save some additional information into the data base (the time “t”). The function `getFrame` returns a pointer to the `HDF_DataBase` directory in which the current frame is being saved. The data base function `put` is then used to save a real number. It is also possible to save arrays and Strings in this way. See the data base documentation for further details.

2.3 Moving grids

The only difference with moving grids is that one should say `show.setMovingGridProblem(TRUE)`. In this case each frame will hold a new grid as well as the solution.

See the moving grid example in the primer documentation for an example of saving a moving grid in a show file.

3 ShowFileReader

The `ShowFileReader` class can be used to read in grids and solutions from a show file. This class can be used, for example, to read in initial conditions for a solver.

3.1 Interface

3.1.1 constructor

ShowFileReader(const aString & showFileName = nullString)

Description: Create an object for reading show files (generated by `Ogshow`) and optionally supply the name of the show file to open. A show file can also be opened with the `open` member function.

showFileName (input): name of an existing show file (if specified).

Author: WDH

3.1.2 close

int
close()

Description: Close an open show file.

Author: WDH

3.1.3 getNumberOfFrames

int
getNumberOfFrames() const

Description: Returns the number of frames that exist in the show file.

Author: WDH

3.1.4 getNumberOfSolutions

int
getNumberOfSolutions() const

Description: Returns the number of Solutions that exist in the show file.

Author: WDH

3.1.5 getNumberOfSequences

int
getNumberOfSequences() const

Description: Returns the number of Sequences that exist in the show file.

Author: WDH

3.1.6 getAGrid

ReturnType
getAGrid(MappedGrid & mg,
 int & solutionNumber,
 int frameForGrid =useDefaultLocation)

ReturnType
getAGrid(GridCollection & cg,
 int & solutionNumber,
 int frameForGrid =useDefaultLocation)

Description: Get grid GridCollection or CompositeGrid from a show file. If this a moving grid problem then return the grid corresponding to a give solutionNumber.

cg (output): The grid corresponding to the solution numbered `solutionNumber`. This routine will always read in a new grid if a grid is found.

solutionNumber (input): For moving grid problems only. Find the grid corresponding to this solution number. This number should be in the range `[1,numberOfSolutions]`, where `numberOfSolutions` is the value by `getNumberOfSolutions()` If `solutionNumber` is out of range then the closest valid solution number is chosen, and this value is returned in `solutionNumber`. Thus if you want to get the last grid in the file choose `solutionNumber` to be any integer that is larger than the number of solutions in the file.

frameForGrid : indicates where in the show file the grid for this solution can be found. `useDefaultLocation` : use default location (frame 1 for non-moving grids or the current frame for moving grids), `useCurrentFrame` : current frame, `> 0` : specify a frame number.

return values: `notFound` or `gridFound`.

Author: WDH

3.1.7 getHeaderComments

const aString*
getHeaderComments(int & numberOfHeaderComments0)

Description: Get header comments for the last grid or solution that was found

numberOfHeaderComments0 (output): The number of comments in the array of Strings

return value: An array of aString's with the comments that are associated with this solution. (You might use the declaration `const aString *headerComment`).

Author: WDH

3.1.8 getASolution

ReturnType
getASolution(int & solutionNumber,
MappedGrid & mg,
realMappedGridFunction & u)

ReturnType
getASolution(int & solutionNumber,
GridCollection & cg,
realGridCollectionFunction & u)

Description: Get grid (GridCollection or CompositeGrid) and a grid function (realGridCollectionFunction or realCompositeGridFunction) from a show file.

solutionNumber (input/output): The number of the solution to get. This number should be in the range [1,numberOfSolutions], where numberOfSolutions is the value by getNumberOfSolutions() If solutionNumber is out of range then the closest valid solution number is chosen, and this value is returned in solutionNumber. Thus if you want to get the last solution in the file choose solutionNumber to be any integer that is larger than the number of solutions in the file.

cg (input/output): The grid corresponding to the solution numbered solutionNumber. The grid cg will only be changed under certain circumstances. The grid cg will be created or changed in the following cases:

- cg is a null grid on input.
- The show file contains moving grids and solutionNumber is not equal to the solutionNumber of the last time this routine was called.

u (output): The grid function corresponding to the solution numbered solutionNumber

return values: notFound or gridFound or solutionFound or solutionAndGridFound.

Author: WDH

3.1.9 getFrame

HDF_DataBase*
getFrame(int solutionNumber = -1)

Description: Return a pointer to the data base directory holding a frame; by default the current frame. You could use this pointer to get any additional data that has been saved in the frame. In the following example some extra data in the form of a realArray is retrieved.

```
ShowFileReader show(...);
...
show.getASolution(...);
realArray myData;
show.getFrame()->get(myData, "my data");
...
```

solutionNumber (input): get the frame for this solution number. If no argument is specified then return the current frame.

Return value: Return a pointer to the data base directory holding the frame, possibly NULL.

Author: WDH

3.1.10 getSequenceNames

int

getSequenceNames(aString *name, int maximumNumberOfNames)

Description: Return the names of the sequences, up to a maximum of maximumNumberOfNames,

Return value:

Author: WDH

3.1.11 getSequence

int

**getSequence(int sequenceNumber,
aString & name, realArray & time, realArray & value,
aString *componentName1, int maxComponentName1,
aString *componentName2, int maxComponentName2)**

Description: Return the data for a sequence.

name (output) : name of the sequence.

time (output) : time(0...n-1) - array of n 'time' values or other iteration variable.

value (output) : value(0...n-1,0..m-1) array of n values for each of m components.

componentName1 (output) : name1[0..m-1] name for the components.

maxComponentName1 (input) : maximum number of array elements in the array componentName1.

componentName2 (output) : names for a second level of components BUT DO NOT USE THIS for now.

maxComponentName2 (input) : maximum number of array elements in the array componentName2.

Return value: 0 for success.

Author: WDH

3.1.12 isAMovingGrid

bool

isAMovingGrid()

Description: Return TRUE if this is a moving grid problem

return value: Return TRUE if this is a moving grid problem

Author: WDH

3.1.13 open

int

open(const aString & showFileName)

Description: Open a show file that was generated by Ogshow.

showFileName (input): name of an existing show file.

Author: WDH

3.2 Example: Using ShowFileReader to Read in Initial Conditions to a PDE Solver

In this example we show how to mount a show file and read a grid and solution from the show file. We also show how to interpolate a solution on one CompositeGrid to a solution on another CompositeGrid using the `interpolateAllPoints` function. The `interpolateAllPoints` function is described in more detail in the `GridFunction` documentation.

This example shows how one could read initial conditions for a PDE solver from a show file. The CompositeGrid used by the PDE solver does not have to be the same as the CompositeGrid in the showFile. For example, the grid may be refined or a new component grid added (file `Overture/examples/readShowFile.C`).

```

1 //=====
2 // Test the ShowFileReader
3 //   o read a solution and grid from a show file
4 //   o interpolate the solution from one grid to another grid
5 //=====
6 #include "Overture.h"
7 #include "Ogshow.h"
8 #include "ShowFileReader.h"
9 #include "interpolatePoints.h"
10 #include "GL_GraphicsInterface.h"
11
12 int
13 main()
14 {
15     ios::sync_with_stdio(); // Synchronize C++ and C I/O subsystems
16     Index::setBoundsCheck(on); // Turn on A++ array bounds checking
17
18     // initializeMappingList(); // this allows Mappings to be made with "make"
19
20     aString nameOfShowFile;
21     cout << ">> Enter the name of the (old) show file:" << endl;
22     cin >> nameOfShowFile;
23     ShowFileReader showFileReader(nameOfShowFile);
24
25     int numberOfFrames=showFileReader.getNumberOfFrames();
26     int numberOfSolutions = max(1,numberOfFrames);
27     int solutionNumber;
28
29     CompositeGrid cg;
30     realCompositeGridFunction u;
31
32     GL_GraphicsInterface ps; // create a GL_GraphicsInterface object
33     GraphicsParameters psp; // create an object that is used to pass parameters
34
35     aString answer,answer2;
36     aString menu[] = { "get a solution",
37                       "interpolate to new grid",
38                       "exit",
39                       "" };
40     const aString *headerComment;
41     int numberOfHeaderComments;
42     char buff[80];
43
44     for(;;)
45     {
46         ps.getMenuItem(menu,answer);
47         if( answer=="get a solution" )
48         {
49             // In this case the user is asked to choose a solution to read in
50             // Choosing a number that is too large will cause the last solution to be read
51
52             aString line;
53             ps.inputString(line,sPrintf(buff,"Enter the solution number, [1,%i] \n",numberOfSolutions));
54             sscanf(line,"%i",&solutionNumber);
55
56             showFileReader.getASolution(solutionNumber,cg,u); // read in a grid and solution
57
58             // read any header comments that go with this solution
59             headerComment=showFileReader.getHeaderComments(numberOfHeaderComments);
60
61             for( int i=0; i<numberOfHeaderComments; i++ )
62                 printf("Header comment: %s \n",(const char *)headerComment[i]);
63

```

```
64     psp.set(GI_TOP_LABEL,sPrintf(buff,"solution number %i",solutionNumber));
65     ps.erase();
66     PlotIt::contour(ps,u,psp);
67 }
68 else if( answer=="interpolate to new grid" )
69 {
70     // In this case we read a solution from the showFile and save it in the grid cg and grid function u.
71     // We then read in a different CompositeGrid, cgTo, and create a grid function uTo. We get values
72     // on uTo by interpolating from u
73     solutionNumber=1;
74     showFileReader.getASolution(solutionNumber,cg,u);
75
76     aString nameOfOGFile;
77     CompositeGrid cgTo;
78     ps.inputString(nameOfOGFile,">> Enter the name of the CompositeGrid file (to interpolate to):");
79
80     getFromADataBase(cgTo,nameOfOGFile);          // read from a data base file
81     cgTo.update();
82     Range all;
83     realCompositeGridFunction uTo(cgTo,all,all,all,10);
84
85     interpolateAllPoints( u,uTo ); // interpolate uTo from u
86
87     psp.set(GI_TOP_LABEL,sPrintf(buff,"interpolated solution at number %i",solutionNumber));
88     ps.erase();
89     PlotIt::contour(ps,uTo,psp);
90 }
91 else if( answer=="exit" )
92 {
93     break;
94 }
95 }
96
97 return 0;
98 }
```

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